

# Comparison against satellite radiation data

Michael Borsche, Andrea Kaiser-Weiss, Frank Kaspar,  
(DWD)

# Outline

- References used: SAHRA SIS by CM SAF and HelioMont by MeteoSwiss
- Reanalyses used: COSMO-REA6/-REA12, UKMO, HARMONIE, MESCAN
- Annual and monthly data used for year 2008
- Results
  - Biases over the European and Alpine Region
  - Correlation and RMSE

# Surface Solar Radiation Dataset – Heliosat (SARAH)

## → Variables

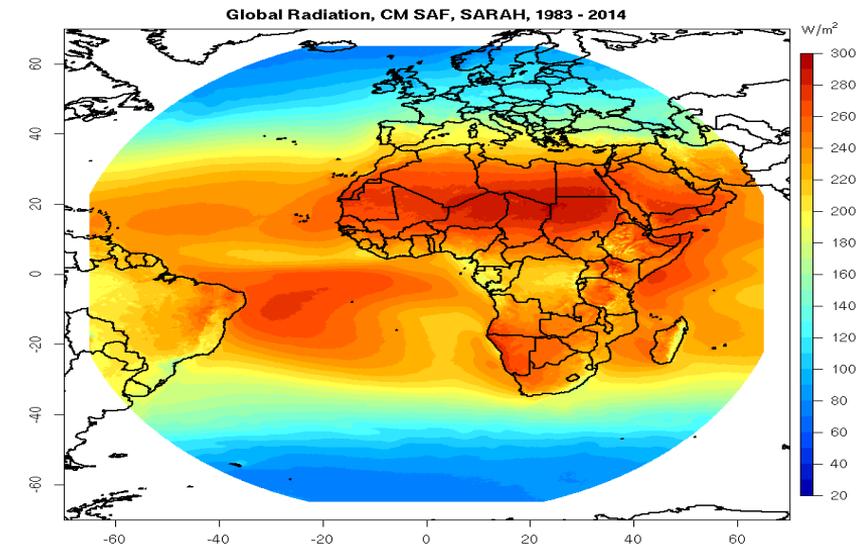
- Global irradiance (SIS)
- Surface Direct Irradiance (DNI, SID)
- Effective cloud albedo (CAL)

## → Resolution

- Spatial:  $0.05^\circ \times 0.05^\circ$
- Temporal: instant and hourly means, daily means, monthly means

## → Coverage

- Spatial: METEOSAT-Prime Full disk
- Temporal: 1983 to 2015



## → Satellites / Instruments

- METEOSAT 2 to 10 (MVIRI / SEVIRI)

# Meteosat Second Generation

## HelioMont Solar Radiation Climatology



→ Multi-channel algorithm with cloud-snow separation, terrain shadow, snow radiative effects, radiative transfer model

1. Physically-based Model of the Atmosphere and Clouds
2. Separate Clouds from Snow
3. Exploit high temporal resolution of Geostationary Satellite data
4. Calculate Topographic Effects

→ **Coverage:** 2004 – now, Alps (Europe, Africa on request)

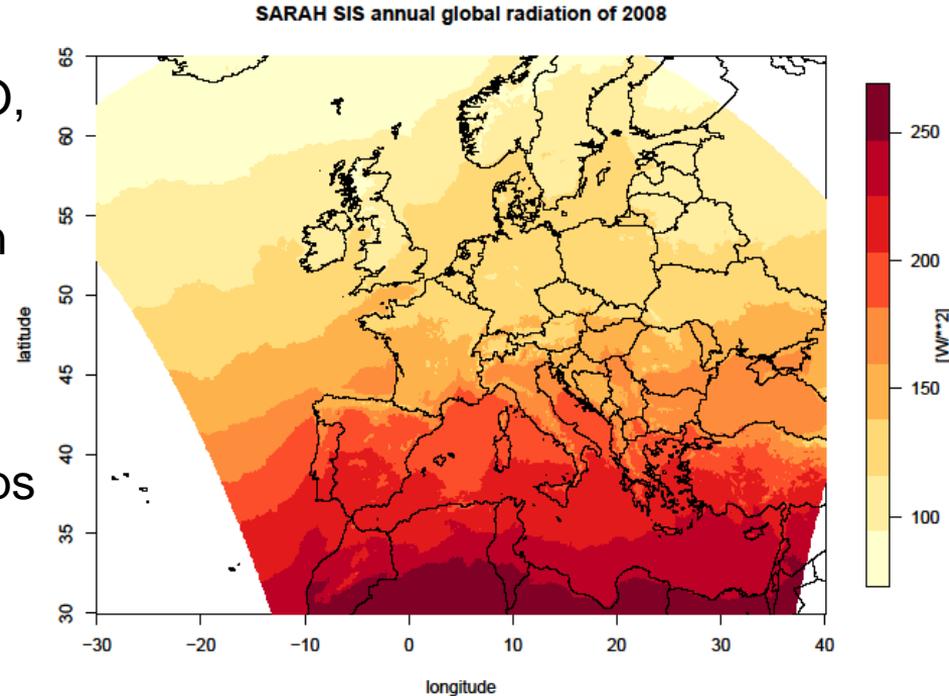
→ **Resolution:** 15' – yearly, 25 m – 2 km

→ **Uncertainty:** 5-10 W m<sup>-2</sup> for monthly means

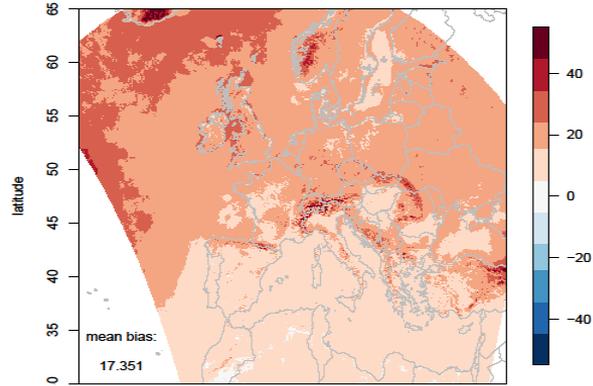
R. Stöckli (2013). The HelioMont Surface Solar Radiation Processing. Scientific Report 93, MeteoSwiss, 122 pp.

## Evaluation method

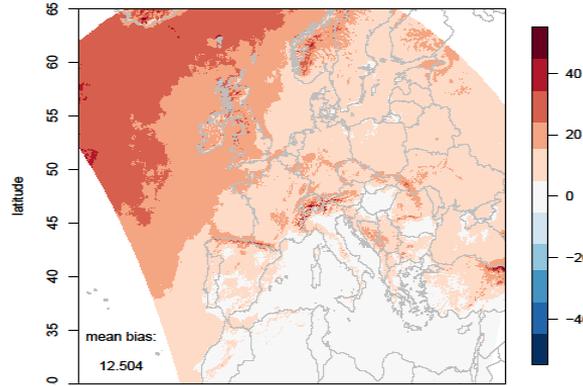
- ➔ C-REA6, C-REA12, SMHI, MF, UKMO, and SARAHSIS
- ➔ Common grid of 0.1° spatial resolution
- ➔ Common spatial coverage (domain)
- ➔ Common temporal coverage: 2008
- ➔ Convert Js to W/m<sup>2</sup> at hourly time steps



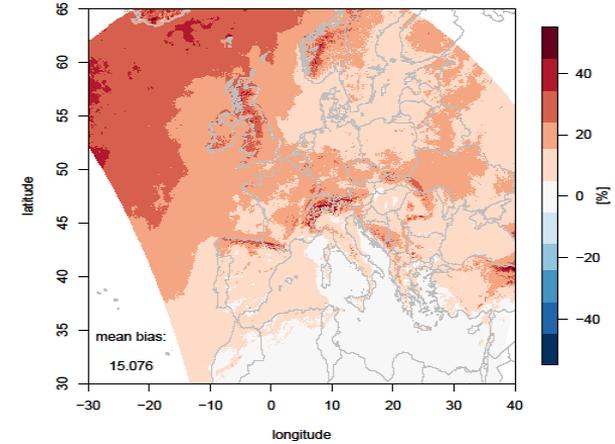
Bias of MO vs SARAH in 2008



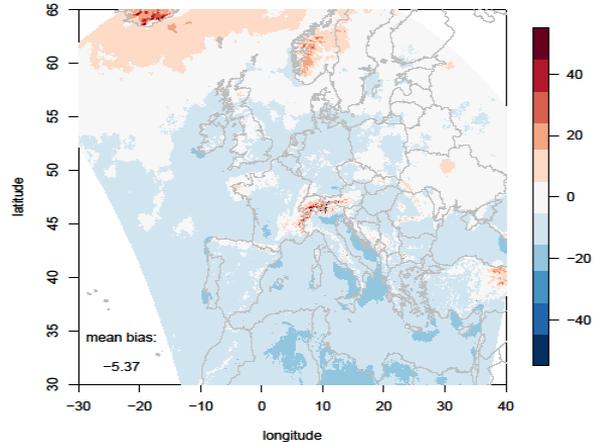
Bias of SMHI vs SARAH in 2008



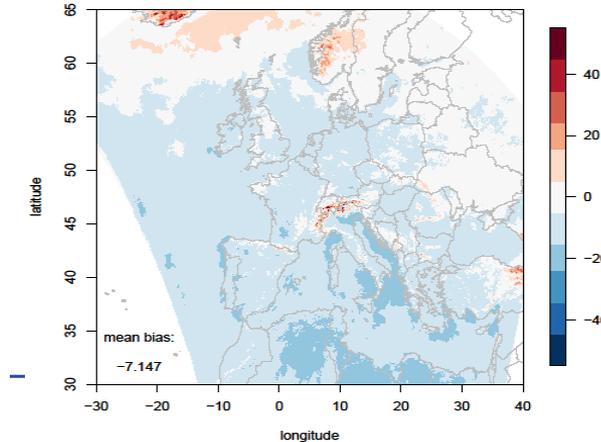
Bias of MF vs SARAH in 2008



Bias of REA6 vs SARAH in 2008

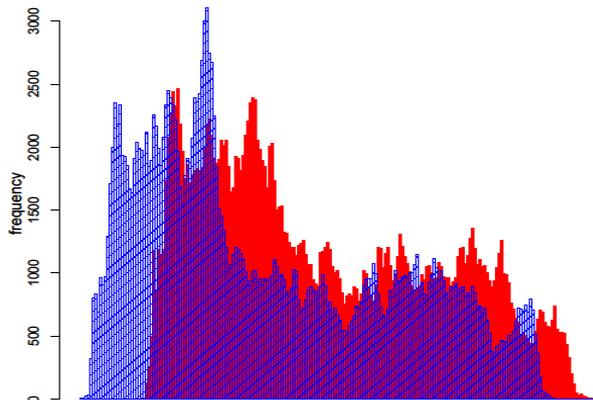


Bias of REA12 vs SARAH in 2008

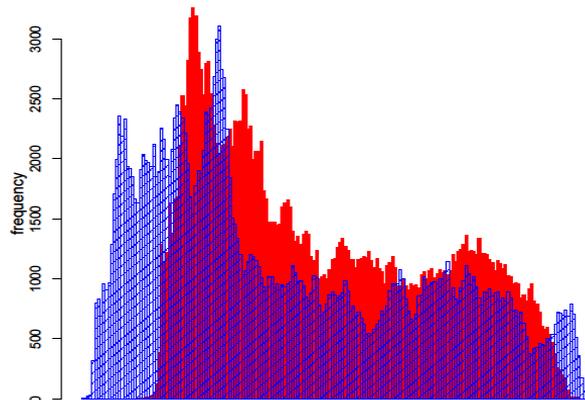


- ➔ Overestimation over the North Atlantic for UKMO, SMHI, MF
- ➔ Underestimation over western Europe and Mediterranean for REA6 and REA12

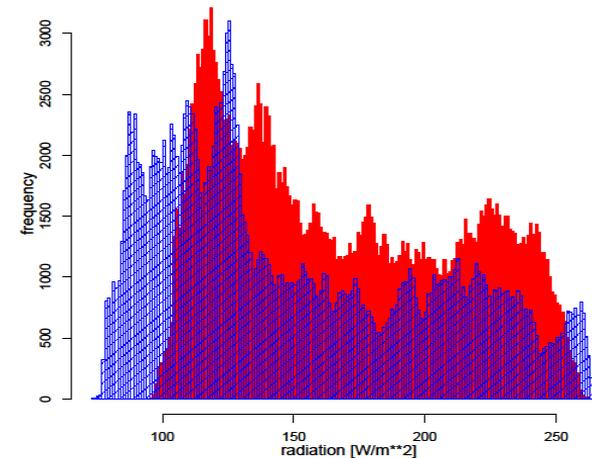
Frequency distribution of SARAH and MO annually for complete domain



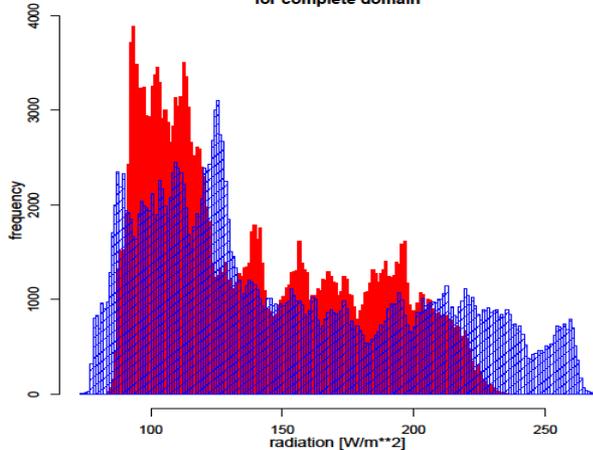
Frequency distribution of SARAH and SMHI annually for complete domain



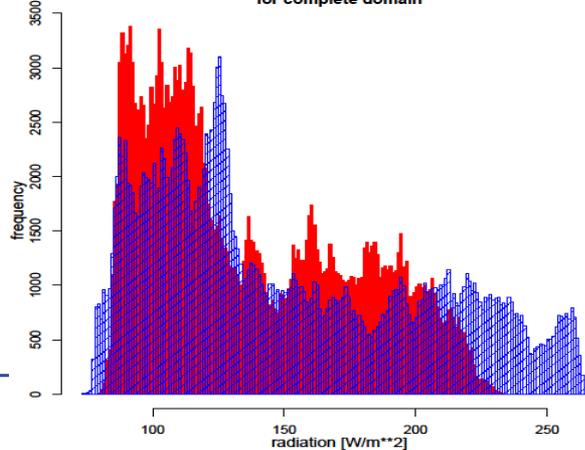
Frequency distribution of SARAH and MF annually for complete domain



Frequency distribution of SARAH and REA6 annually for complete domain

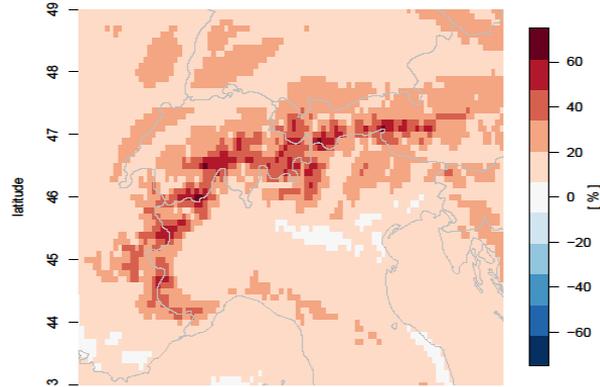


Frequency distribution of SARAH and REA12 annually for complete domain

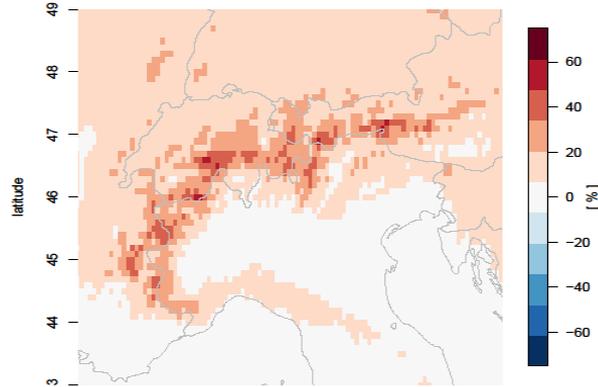


- ➔ Overestimation of low values for UKMO, SMHI, MF
- ➔ Underestimation of high values for REA6 and REA12

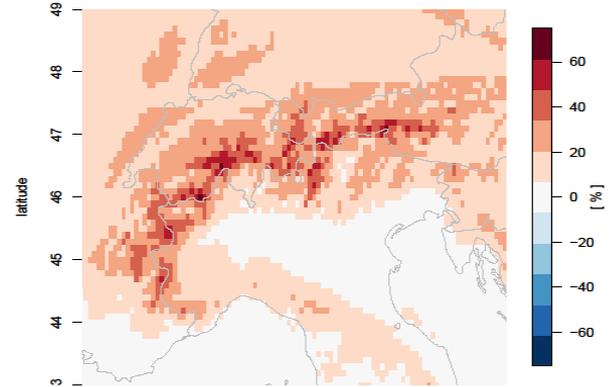
Relative difference in Radiation of MO and SARAH annually



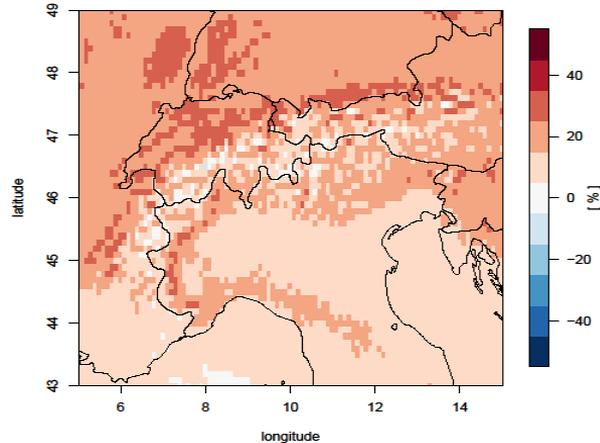
Relative difference in Radiation of SMHI and SARAH annually



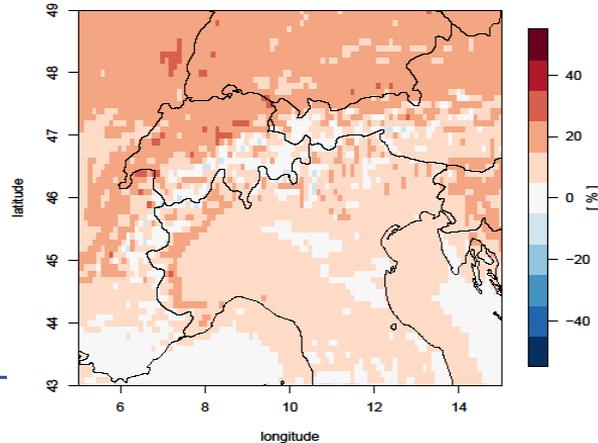
Relative difference in Radiation of MF and SARAH annually



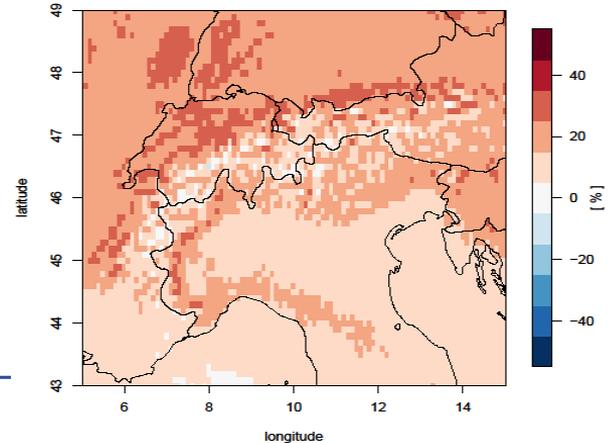
Bias in Radiation of MF and HeliMont annually



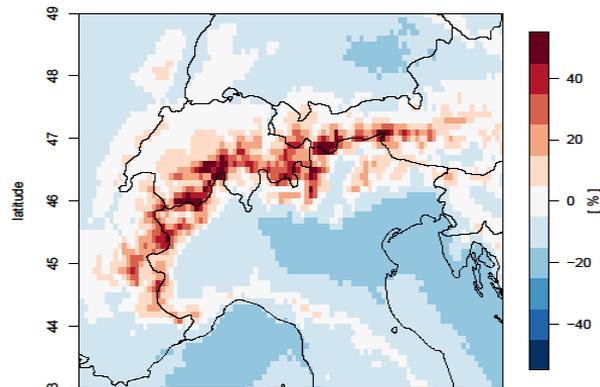
Bias in Radiation of SMHI and HeliMont annually



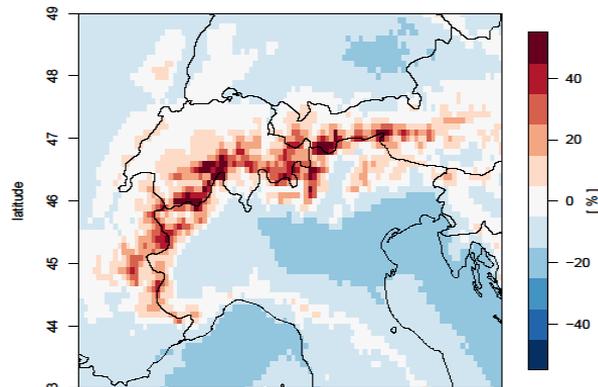
Bias in Radiation of MF and HeliMont annually



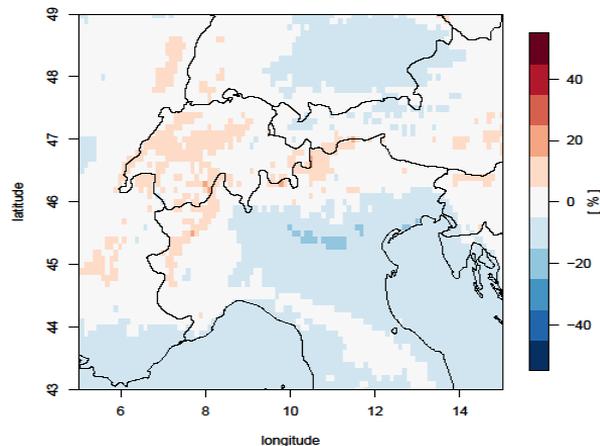
Bias in Radiation of REA6 and SARAH annually



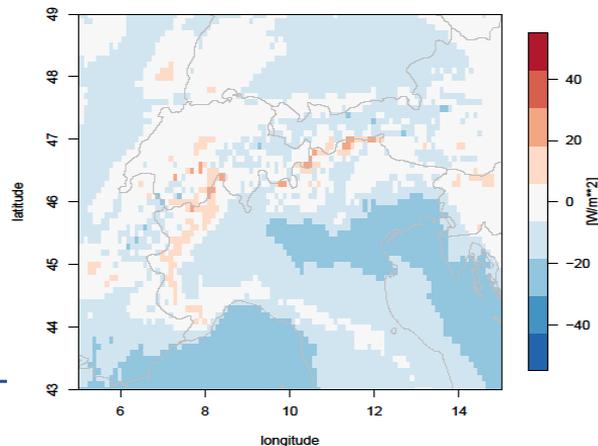
Bias in Radiation of REA6 and SARAH annually



Bias in Radiation of REA6 and HeliMont annually



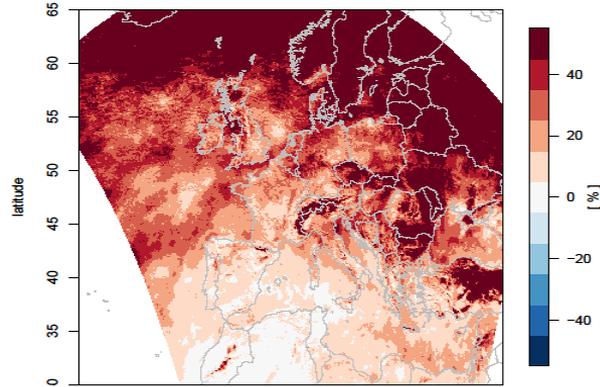
Absolute difference in Radiation of REA12 and HeliMont annually



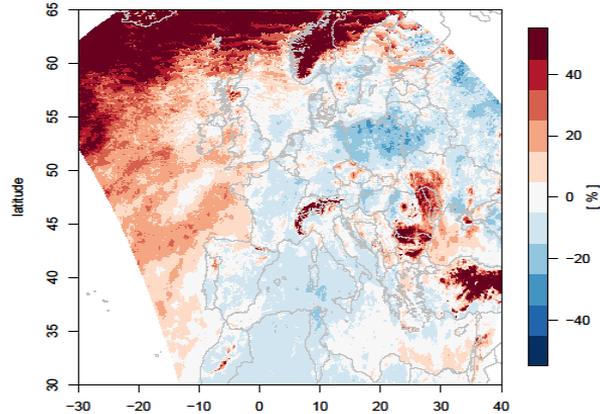
- ➔ Over snow and mountainous regions HeliMont performs much better than SARAH SIS
- ➔ HeliMont does not perform better elsewhere (sometimes even worse)
- ➔ Next step:
  - Evaluate at BSRN point measurements

# Comparison in January

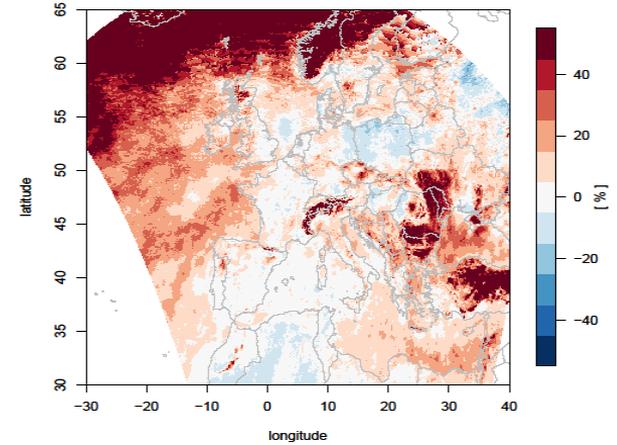
Bias in Radiation of MO and SARAH in January



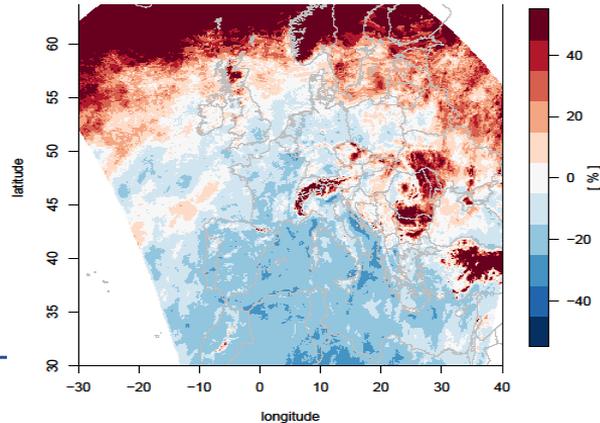
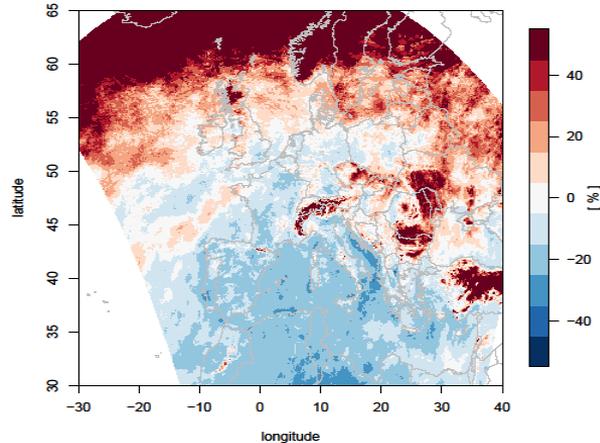
Bias in Radiation of SMHI and SARAH in January



Bias in Radiation of MF and SARAH in January

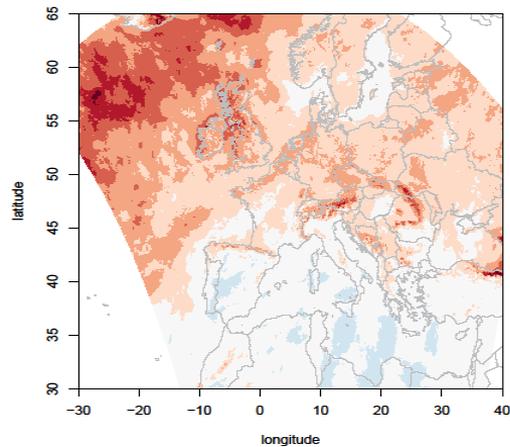


Bias in Radiation of REA6 and SARAH in January

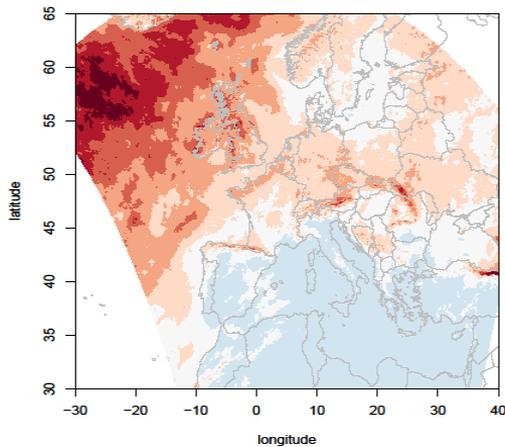


- ➔ Reference unusable north of 60° in winter and snow-covered regions
- ➔ Strong overestimation over the North Atlantic (also by C-REA)
- ➔ Underestimation of SMHI and C-REA over central Europe, Med and North Africa

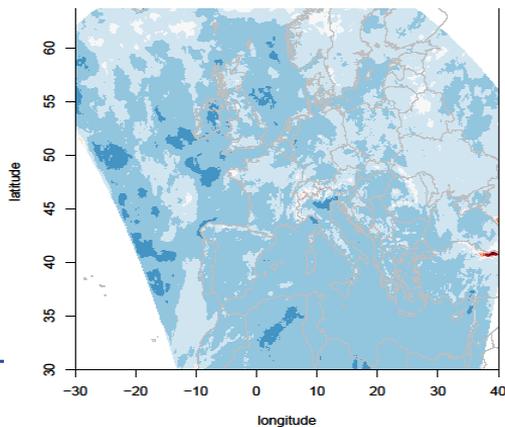
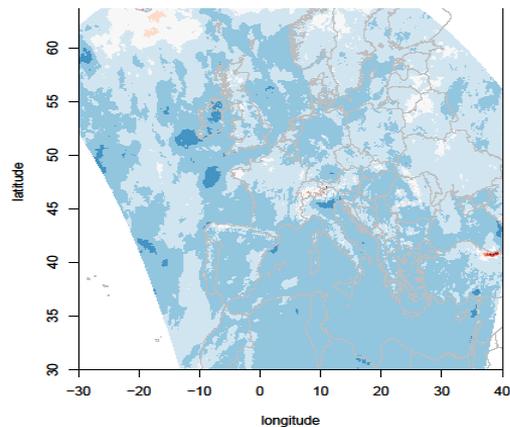
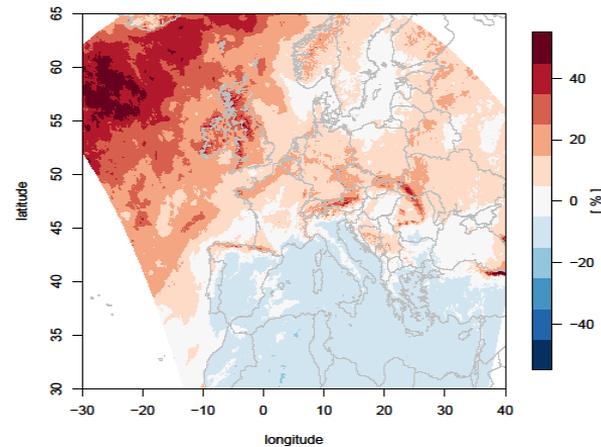
Bias in Radiation of MO and SARAH in July



Bias in Radiation of SMHI and SARAH in July

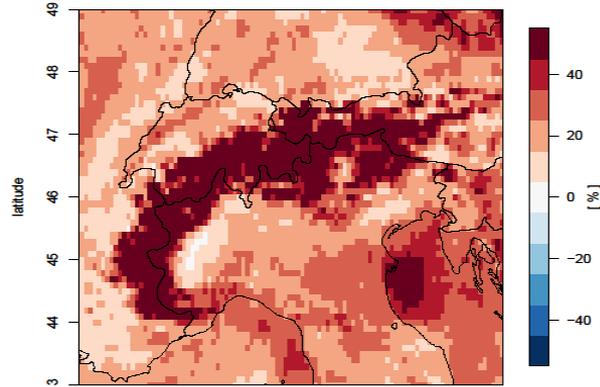


Bias in Radiation of MF and SARAH in July

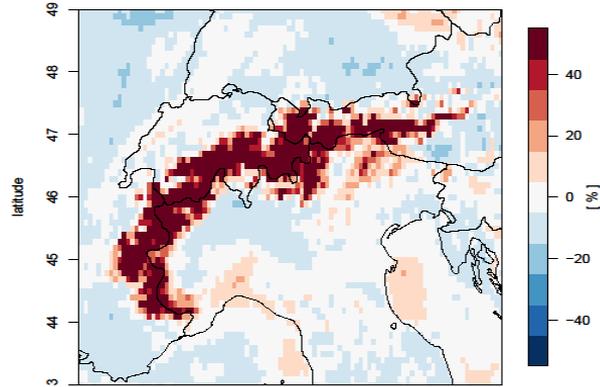


- ➔ Strong overestimation over the North Atlantic of MO, SMHI, MF
- ➔ Slight underestimation of SMHI and MF over Med and North Africa
- ➔ Underestimation of REA6 and REA12 overall

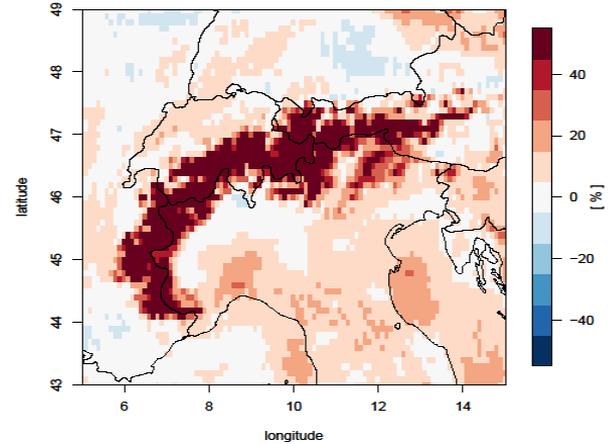
Bias in Radiation of MO and SARAH in January



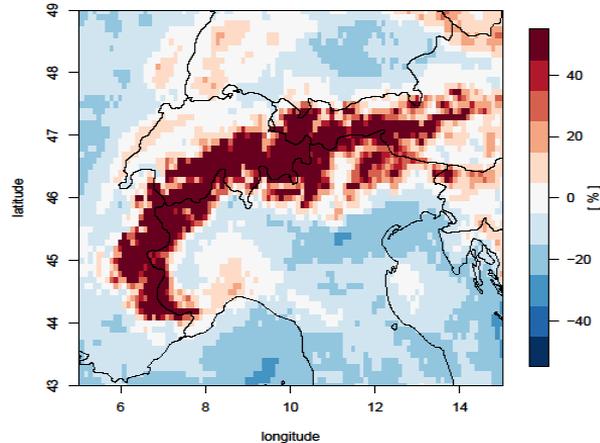
Bias in Radiation of SMHI and SARAH in January



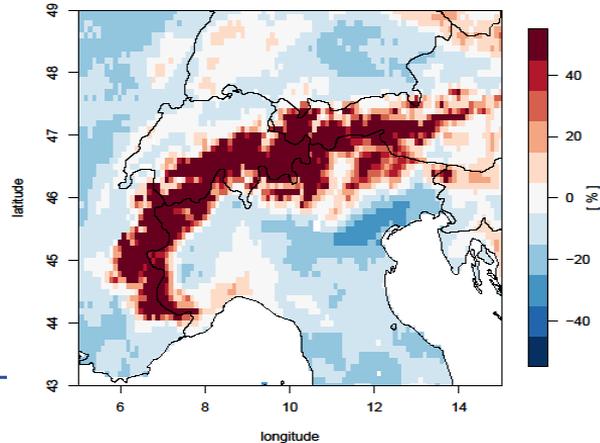
Bias in Radiation of MF and SARAH in January



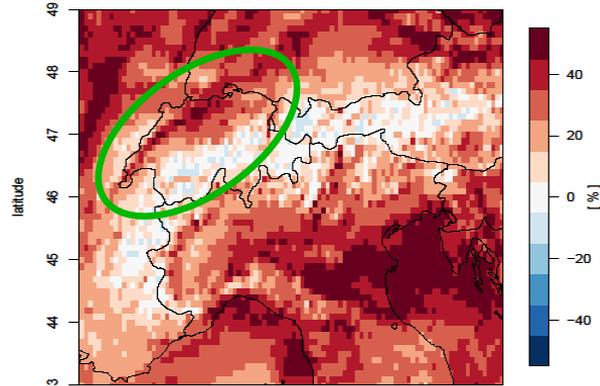
Bias in Radiation of REA6 and SARAH in January



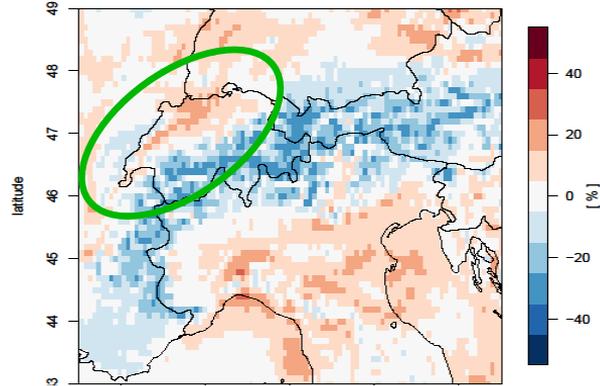
Bias in Radiation of REA12 and SARAH in January



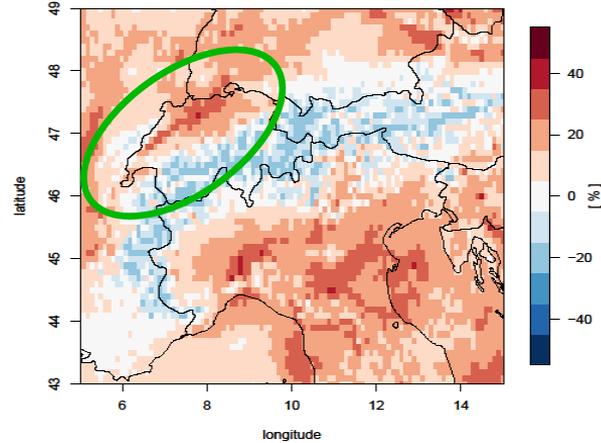
Bias in Radiation of MO and HeliMont in January



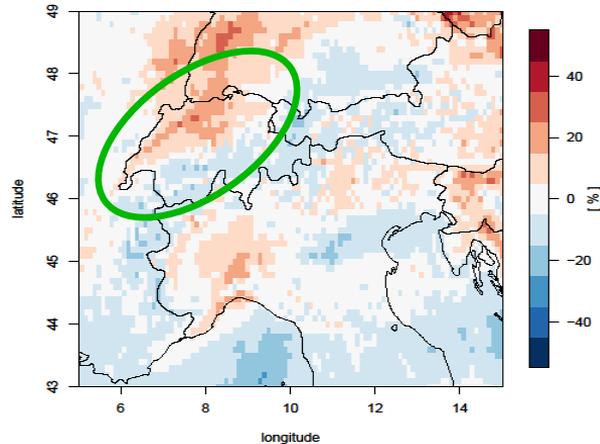
Bias in Radiation of SMHI and HeliMont in January



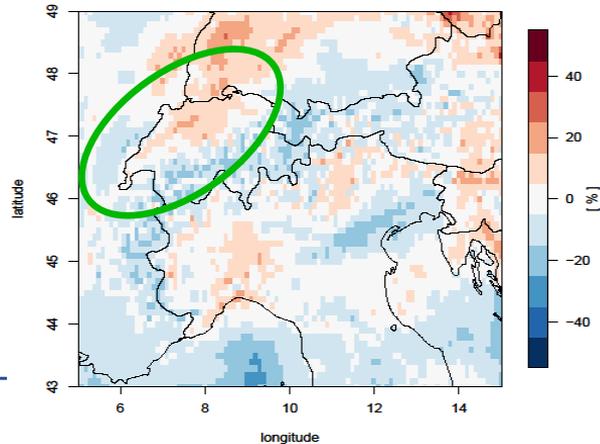
Bias in Radiation of MF and HeliMont in January



Bias in Radiation of REA6 and HeliMont in January

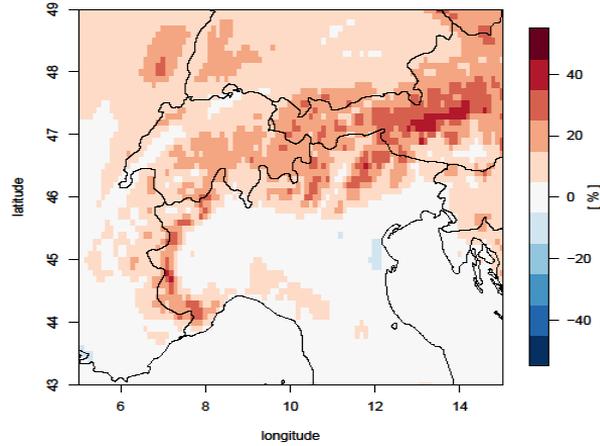


Bias in Radiation of REA12 and HeliMont in January

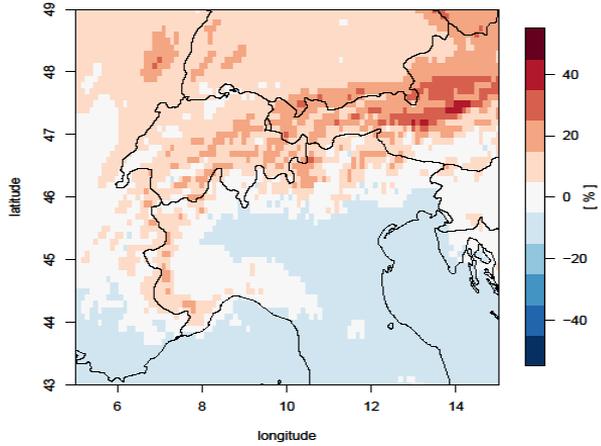


- ➔ HeliMont is a better reference over snowy and mountainous regions
- ➔ HeliMont does not perform better elsewhere, showing in increased biases

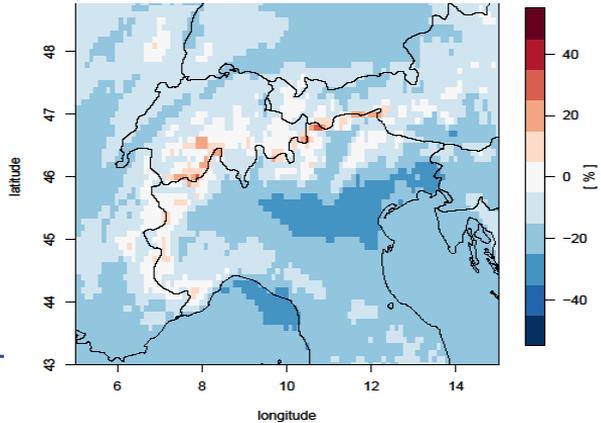
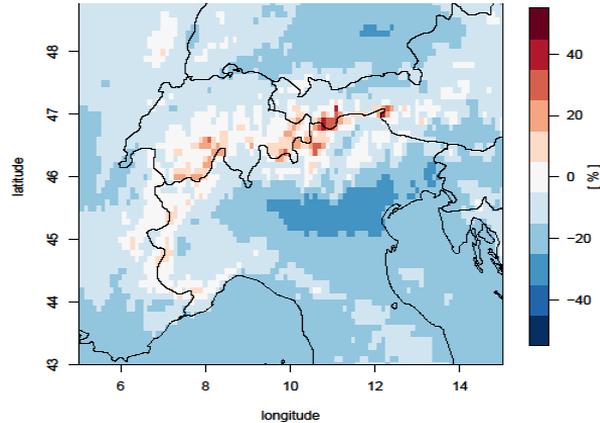
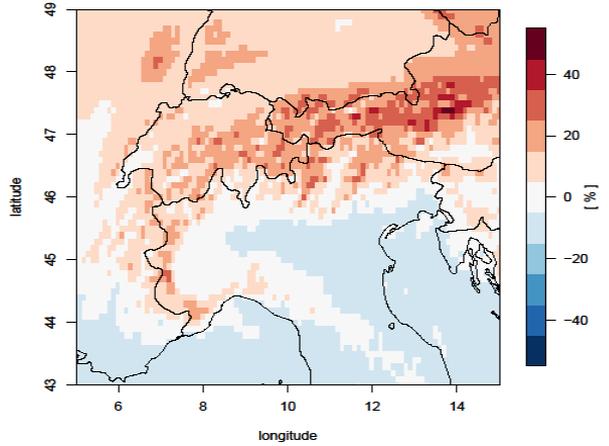
Bias in Radiation of MO and SARAH in July



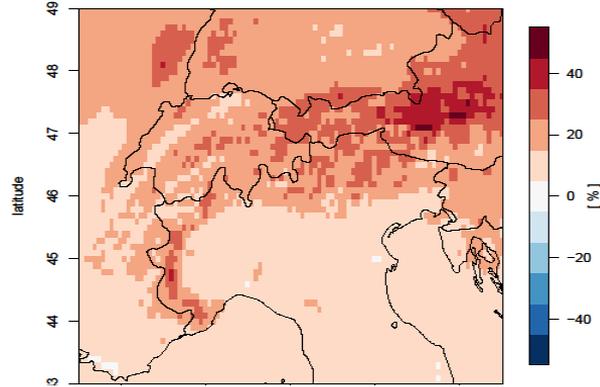
Bias in Radiation of SMHI and SARAH in July



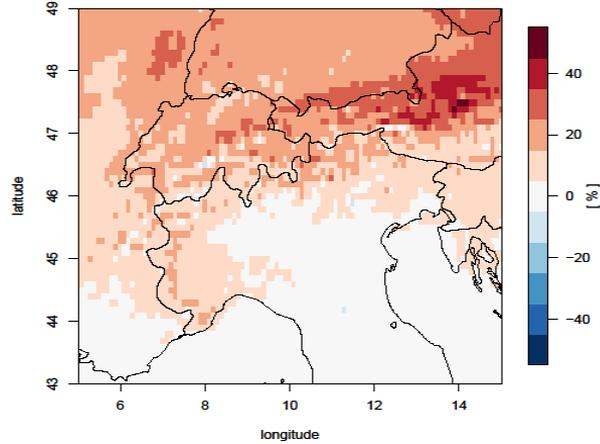
Bias in Radiation of MF and SARAH in July



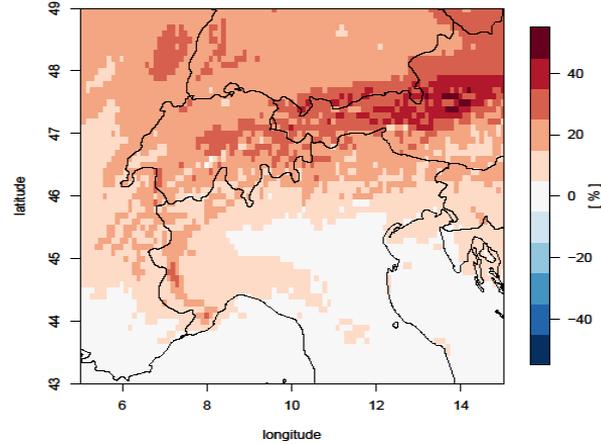
Bias in Radiation of MO and HeliMont in July



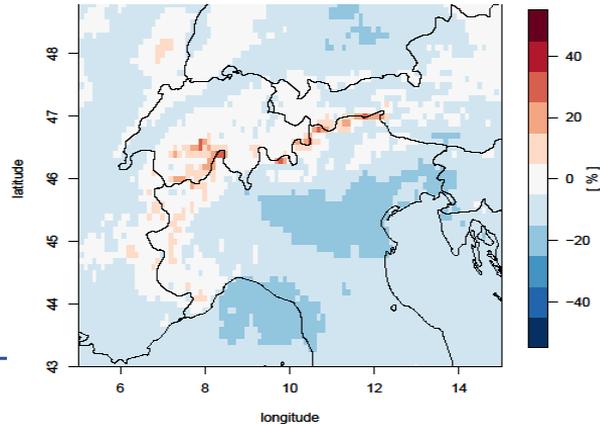
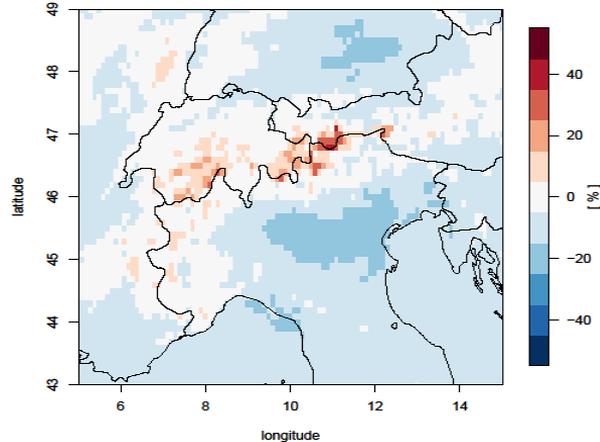
Bias in Radiation of SMHI and HeliMont in July



Bias in Radiation of MF and HeliMont in July



Bias in Radiation of REA6 and HeliMont in July

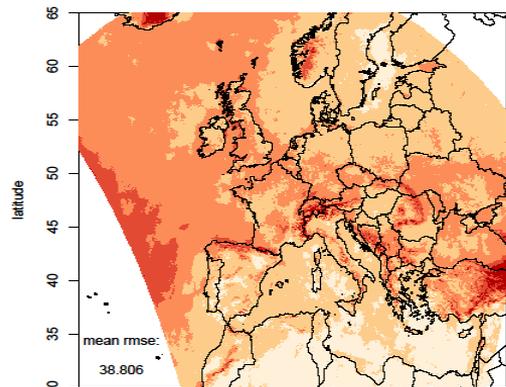


- ➔ In summer, there does not seem to be a noticeable advantage of the HeliMont reference
- ➔ Outside the Alpine ridge, the bias increases

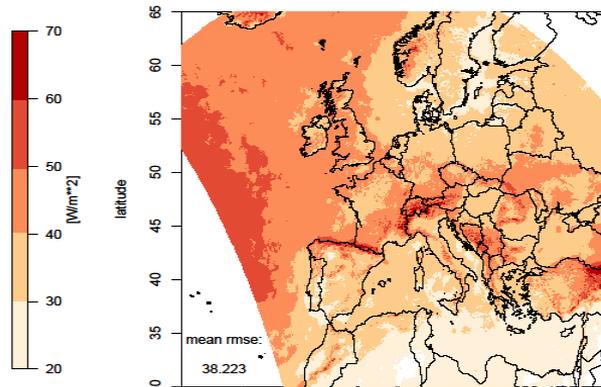
## Summary for the bias

- It is very difficult to find a good (spatial) reference for all domains, times and situations.
- Maybe we are at the point where the reanalyses help to estimate the quality of the reference data.

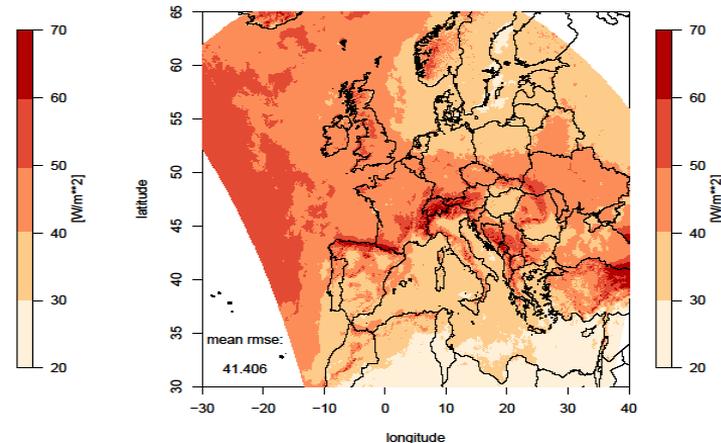
RMSE of MO vs SARAH in 2008



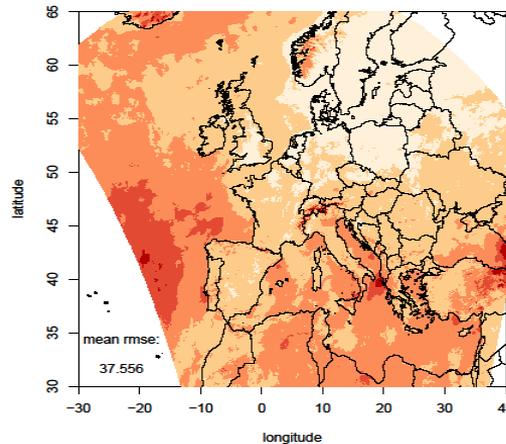
RMSE of SMHI vs SARAH in 2008



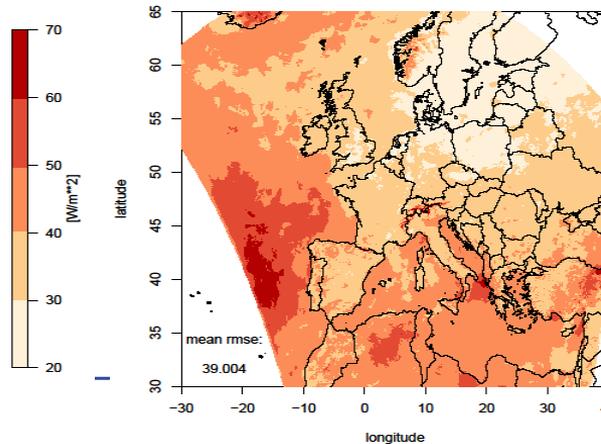
RMSE of MF vs SARAH in 2008



RMSE of REA6 vs SARAH in 2008

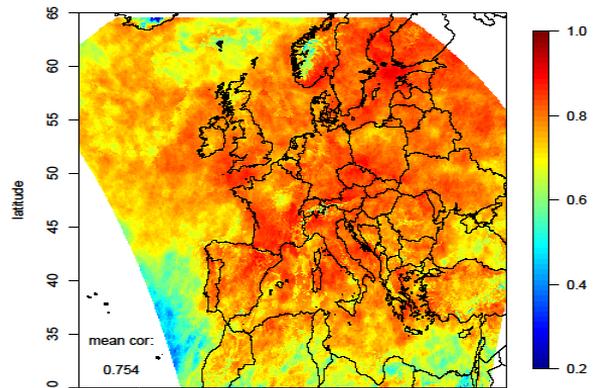


RMSE of REA12 vs SARAH in 2008

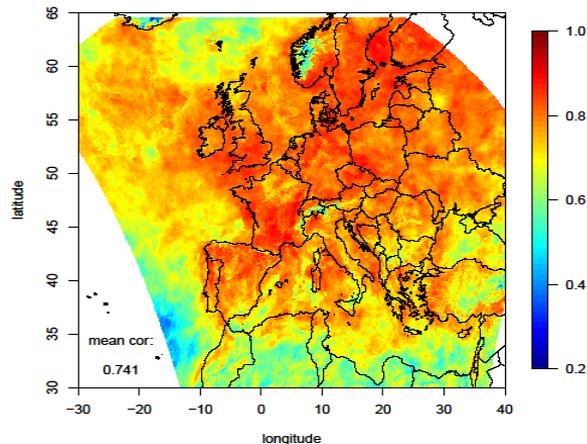


- ➔ RMSE is lowest over North Africa for UKMO, SMHI, MF
- ➔ RMSE is lowest over Northeast Europe for C-REA
- ➔ RMSE is largest over mountainous regions and the North Atlantic for all RRAs

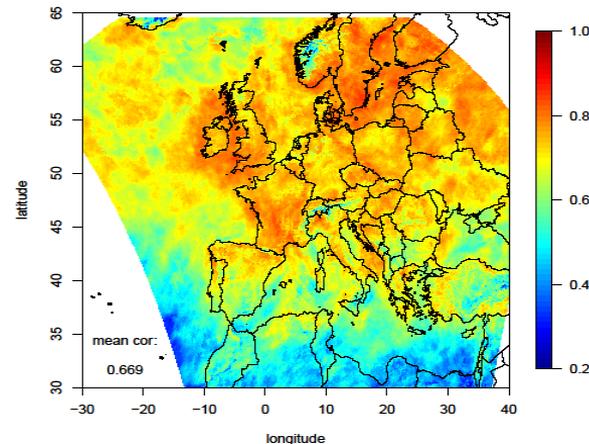
Correlation of MO vs SARAH in 2008



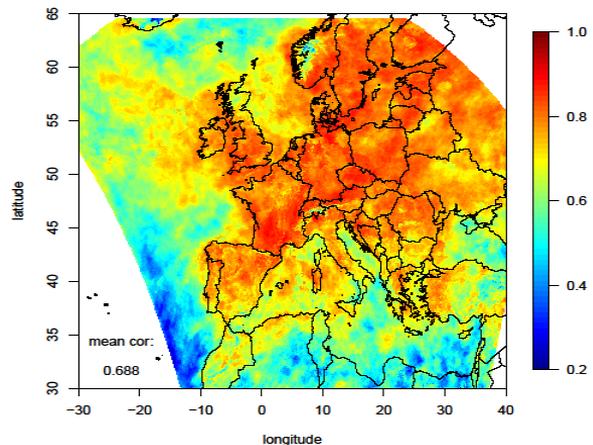
Correlation of SMHI vs SARAH in 2008



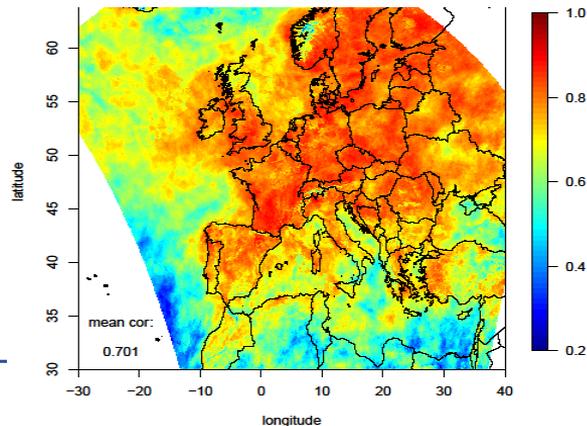
Correlation of MF vs SARAH in 2008



Correlation of REA12 vs SARAH in 2008



longitude



longitude

- ➔ Correlation is larger over land than over the ocean
- ➔ Over most land areas it is  $>0.8$  except for MF
- ➔ MO and SMHI extent of  $>0.8$  correlation over North Sea and North Atlantic

- Choice of independent reference data is important and neither easy nor obvious
  - With different reference data, different quality aspects may be investigated
- Quality of RRA depends on product, time, and location
  - Overestimation over the North Atlantic for UKMO, SMHI, MF
  - Underestimation over western Europe and Mediterranean for REA6 and REA12
  - RMSE is lowest over North Africa for UKMO, SMHI, MF
  - RMSE is lowest over Northeast Europe for C-REA
  - RMSE is largest over mountainous regions and the North Atlantic for all RRAs
  - Correlation is larger over land than over the ocean
  - Over most land areas it is  $>0.8$  except for MF
  - MO and SMHI extent of  $>0.8$  correlation over North Sea and North Atlantic

## Outlook and future work

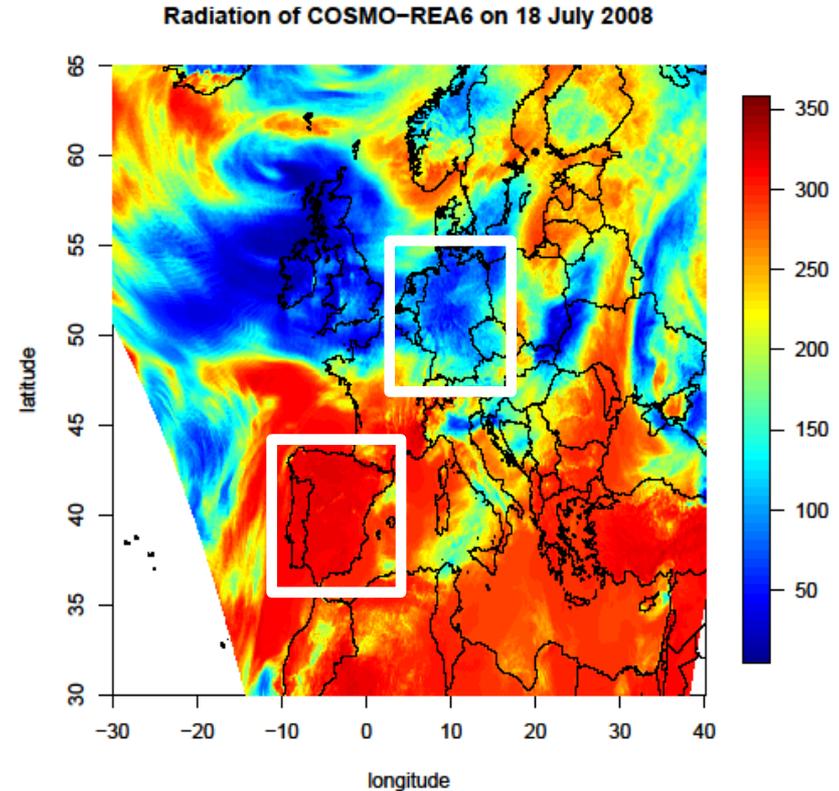
- Include ERA5 (ERA-Interim) into this analysis
- Perform point-wise independent evaluation on BSRN stations (has been done to evaluate the reference products)
- Perform long-term climatological analysis

**Thank you for your attention**

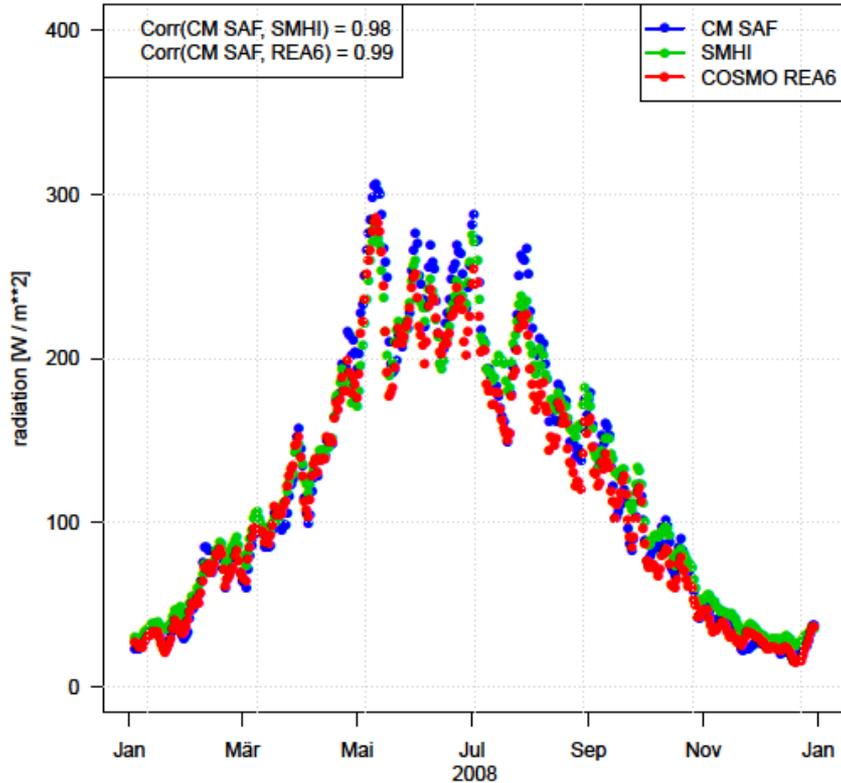


## Daily means

- Fairer comparison with other RRAs in mind: use daily means
- Area mean over Germany and Iberian Peninsula
- Using SMHI and REA6 for this evaluation



Daily radiation over Germany



Daily radiation over the Iberian Peninsula

